## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



### BA7N330U0P

### **Section 1. Identification**

GHS product identifier : ARROWEB MID TACK COATABLE MAGENTA

Product type : Liquid.

SDS # : eqir:gfrg:8j8

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Printing ink or Additive

Uses advised against

Not applicable.

Reason

Supplier's details : Flint Group

14909 North Beck Road Plymouth, MI 48170 United States of America

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: For Product Questions call: +1 (864) 579-3870

For Health and Safety Questions call: +1 (734) 781-4600

After Hours Emergency Health/Safety Questions:

24 Hour Emergency Spill Contact: +1 (800) 424-9300 Chemtrec (US/Canada)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention**: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after

handling.

Response : IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and

wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : Not applicable.

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture**: Mixture

| Ingredient name                              | %      | CAS number   |
|--|--------|--------------|
| petroleum distillate, hydrodesulfurized      | 7 - 13 | 64742-81-0   |
| VFR057-0066A Proprietary Hydrocarbon Resin   | 5 - 10 | VFR057-0066A |
| Distillates (petroleum), straight-run middle | 3 - 7  | 64741-44-2   |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light  | 1 - 5  | 64742-47-8   |
| White mineral oil (petroleum)                | 1 - 5  | 8042-47-5    |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle | 1 - 5  | 64742-46-7   |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle | 1 - 5  | 64742-46-7   |
| Resin acids and Rosin acids, calcium salts   | 1 - 5  | 9007-13-0    |

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

| Ingredient name                              | Exposure limits   |
|--|---|
| petroleum distillate, hydrodesulfurized      | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).  Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.   |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light  | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).  Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.   |
| White mineral oil (petroleum)                | ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist   |
| Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist   |

## Appropriate engineering controls

 Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

# Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Red.

Odor : Not available.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not available.
Melt point/Freeze point : Not available.
Boiling point : Not available.

Flash point : Higher than 93.3°C (200°F).

Evaporation rate: Not available.Flammability (solid, gas): Not available.Lower and upper explosive: Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Not available.
Relative density : Not available.
Solubility : Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)

Density : 8.34 lbs/gal

**VOC data** 

VOC % by weight : 33.59 VOC % by volume : 41.33 VOC lbs/gallon : 2.8 VOC lbs/gal less water : 2.92

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

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## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name                        | Result      | Species | Dose        | Exposure |
|--|-------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| petroleum distillate,<br>hydrodesulfurized     | LD50 Oral   | Rat     | >5000 mg/kg | -        |
| distillates (petroleum),<br>hydrotreated light | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit  | >5000 mg/kg | -        |
|  | LD50 Oral   | Rat     | >5000 mg/kg | -        |
| white mineral oil, petroleum                   | LD50 Oral   | Rat     | >5000 mg/kg | -        |
| Resin acids and Rosin acids, calcium salts     | -           | -       | >2000 mg/kg | -        |

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                                    | 3 3 3      | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| petroleum distillate, hydrodesulfurized | Category 3 |                   | Respiratory tract irritation |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### **Aspiration hazard**

| Name  | Result  |
|---|---|
| petroleum distillate, hydrodesulfurized Distillates (petroleum), straight-run middle distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light white mineral oil, petroleum distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely

: Not available.

routes of exposure

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

### **Mobility in soil**

Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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## **Section 14. Transport information**

|                            | DOT<br>Classification | TDG<br>Classification | IMDG            | IATA            |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| UN number                  | Not applicable.       | Not applicable.       | Not applicable. | Not applicable. |
| UN proper shipping name    |                       |                       |                 |                 |
| Transport hazard class(es) |                       |                       |                 |                 |
| Packing group              |                       |                       |                 |                 |
| Environmental hazards      |                       |                       |                 |                 |
| Additional information     | -                     | -                     | -               | -               |

**Special precautions for user**: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

**SARA 311/312** 

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard

### Section 16. Other information

**History** 

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Notice to reader** 

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## **Section 16. Other information**

Flint Group has prepared this Safety Data Sheet ("SDS") in compliance with 29 CFR 1910.1200, understands that its customers may use this SDS to comply with that section, and believes that the data set forth herein are accurate as of the date hereof; however, this SDS shall not constitute a warranty with respect thereto.

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